Combatting Opioid-Related Deaths in Rural Vermont Through Community Partnership

Brianna F. Waller

Larner College of Medicine

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COMBATTING OPIOID-RELATED DEATHS IN RURAL VERMONT THROUGH COMMUNITY PARTNERSHIP

BRIANNA F. WALLER
LITTLE RIVERS HEALTH CARE (WELLS RIVER, VT)
PRECEPTOR: DR. FAY HOMAN
FEBRUARY 2018
In 2016, opioids were involved in 42,249 deaths.\(^1\)

New Hampshire’s rate of drug overdose deaths was 39 out of 100,000 while Vermont’s rate was 22.2.

To combat this, Vermont has developed legislation to increase availability of naloxone by providing emergency medical services with this medication and allowing it to be prescribed to the patient, family members and friends.

- Naloxone is often available by prescription or with standing orders from pharmacies.
- Naloxone can be obtained from one of 36 distribution sites throughout the state.\(^2\)

New Hampshire has followed suit with having distribution sites and making naloxone available with or without a prescription from local pharmacies.\(^3\)
Little Rivers Health Care initiated a MAT program starting in 2016 and currently has a panel of 37 patients.

LRHC is also the only naloxone distribution site available in Orange County, Vermont.  

Availability of naloxone in local pharmacies was assessed:

- 75% of local pharmacies reported stocking Narcan nasal spray.
- One pharmacy only had two boxes of Narcan in stock while several pharmacies had never filled a prescription for it.
- While VT Medicaid covers the cost of Narcan, for those without insurance a single two-pack box of naloxone costs between $50-147.
COMMUNITY PERSPECTIVE ON ISSUE AND SUPPORT FOR PROJECT

- LRHC developed the MAT program in response to the growing need for mental health and addiction services.
  - “Our program has been around since the summer of 2016. I believe that the hope is that as our patient numbers grow, we would have more providers to manage the patients [as] we no have three providers…We are trying our best to do more promoting of Narcan for patients, family members [as] there has been one fatal overdose in the program to date.” – Tiffany White, LICSW

- It was imperative that the programming would emphasize the spoke side of the Vermont hub-and-spoke model to address concerns with transportation. Acceptance of these services by the local community and setting it within a primary care clinic helped destigmatize those who sought MAT services.

- Administration of naloxone by bystanders has been shown to improve outcomes⁶,⁷ and there are no differences in outcomes if naloxone is administered by basic or advanced EMS providers.⁸
  - One MAT provider- Michael Brandli, BA, AAP- emphasized the need to engage the community in naloxone training and is currently doing community outreach to disseminate information about LRHC behavioral health services.
As LRHC houses both the MAT program and is a naloxone distribution site, it was felt that forming a community partnership and training leaders in different community sectors would be beneficial for the community.

Key leaders of the community were invited to learn how to administer naloxone, create an open dialogue about mental health services and addiction, and to assess if other locations would be interested in becoming a distribution site.

- Local school officials: principal, guidance counselor, nurses, school psychologist
- First responders
- Local clinics and counseling services
- Librarians
- Church leaders
- Local government: Chamber of Commerce and Board Members in Newbury and Wells River, VT
The community networking event was held on March 8, 2018 from 6pm-8pm.

Fourteen of thirty community members attended the event.

Several suggestions came out of this event:

- Partnering with local EMS to enhance their supplies of Narcan.
- Creating and distributing business cards with mental health services and addiction treatment programs to those who were administered Narcan by EMS.
- Holding a community CPR training event to help improve bystander response to overdose resuscitation attempts as EMS personnel have arrived at the scene with no initiation of CPR.
- Organizing a public forum for the larger community to learn about Narcan and the MAT program.

Five two-pack boxes of Narcan were available at this meeting and all were distributed to interested community leaders.
Effectiveness

- Those who attended felt that this was a worthwhile use of their time.
- Several leaders suggested future meetings and public forums to continue outreach measures and help reduce stigma within the community.

Limitations

- Inclement weather and unsafe traveling conditions prevented several community leaders from attending the meeting.
- LRHC serves patients from both New Hampshire and Vermont, but this was event was targeted to community leaders within Newbury and Wells River, VT.
FUTURE DIRECTIONS

- Continue networking events with community leaders to identify further needs.
- Organize a public forum to address opioid-related complications within the community and the availability of Narcan.
- Offer naloxone kits or place standing orders to the patient, family members, and friends.
- Provide assistance in coordinating naloxone distribution to local EMS.
REFERENCES


Thank you for agreeing to be interviewed. This project is a requirement for the Family Medicine Clerkship. It will be stored on the Dana Library ScholarWorks website. Your name will be attached to your interview and you may be cited directly or indirectly in subsequent unpublished or published work. The interviewer affirms that she has explained the nature and purpose of this project. The interviewee affirms that he/she has consented to this interview.

Yes _X_/No___

Tiffany White, LICSW at Little Rivers Health Care in Wells River, VT

Michael Brandli, BA, AAP, Substance Abuse Recovery and Trauma Coordinator

If not consenting as above: please add the interviewee names here for the department of Family Medicine information only.